BOMBAY COURIER
EXTRAORDINARY.

MONDAY, MAY 2, 1825.

THE COURIER EXTRAORDINARY.

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We have much pleasure in republishing from the Calcutta Government Gazette, the following despatch from Brig. General MORRISON announcing the fall of Arracan. Should Brigadier RICHARDS's report of the night attack reach us in the course of the day, no time will be lost in publishing it.

FORT WILLIAM;

Political Department, 14th April, 1825.

The following Copies of Despatches regarding the recent Operations of the British Forces in Arracan, are published for general information.

To GEORGE SWINTON, Esq.
Secretary to Govt. Pol. Dept.

SIR,

I have the honor, by direction of the Commander in Chief, to transmit in original, a Despatch this day received from Brigadier General Morrison, C. B. Commanding the South Eastern Division, dated 2d April, announcing the Capture of Arracan, after a succession of the most brilliant operations against the Enemy.

His Excellency regrets that the Enclosure No. 2, alluded to by the Brigadier General, viz. Copy of Brigadier Richards's report of the success of his night attack on the heights, situated on the right of the Enemy's position, has, by some unaccountable accident, been omitted to be sent.]

I have, &c.
(Signed) W. L. WATSON,
Dept. Adjt. Gen. of the Army.

Adjutant General's Office; Presidency, Fort William, 14th April, 1815.

Camp Arracan, April 2d, 1825.

SIR,

The Almighty has been pleased to permit that the exertions of the South Eastern Division of the Army should be crowned with complete success. Arracan was yesterday taken, and the 10,000 Men that acted under Atown Mungzā have, as a Military Body, been nearly annihilated. The proceedings that have led to this result, I shall now have the honor to detail for the information of the Commander in Chief.

On the 24th ultimo, the arrangements for the movement of the Force from the Camp on the Ooratung were completed, and the Head-Quarters of the Division were established with the 2d Brigade in advance at Chabattee Bheong, within two miles of the Enemy's position in the Padha Hills, the march of the remainder being directed as pointed out in Enclosure No. 1.

On the 25th ultimo, boat and pontoon bridges were thrown across the Chabattee and Wabraing Rivers, and in the evening a reconnoissance was made, to ascertain the situation of the passes thro' the hills, and the obstacles to be encountered. The natural ones were considerable, arising principally from the steepness of the ascents, and from the course of deep tide Nullahs.

Right Column under Brigadier Grant, C. B.
1 12-Pd. 2 6-Pds.
The 2d Brigade.
1 Compy. 2d Lt. Infantry Battalion.
1 Ditto of Regular Pioneers.
Centre Column, Brigadier Richards.
2 12-Pds. } Lieut.Col.
2 Howitz. } Lindsay.
The 1st Brigade.
2 Comps. 2d Lt. infantry Battalion.
1 Ditto Regular Pioneers.
Left Column.
To Act with the Gun Boats.
Capt. Leslie, H. M. 54th Regt.
3 Comps. H. M. 54th Regt.
2 Do. 2d Lt. In Batt.
Rifle Company, Mug Levy.
2 Comps. Mug Pioneers.
Reserve.
Lt. Col. Walker, C.B. H. M. 54th.
1 12-Pd. 2 6-Pds.
3 Comps. H. M. 54th Regt.
3 Do. 26th Regt.
B. N. 1.
2 Do. 49th.
3 Do. Temporary Pioneers.
1 Do. Mug Do.
2d Local Horse.

On the 26th, the troops then present, crossed the Wabraing by day-break, and were formed into 4 columns, as per margin, the right and centre columns then advanced to force the two ascertained passes, while left with the Gun Boats under Captain Crawford, H. C. Marine, was to have ascended the River, which appeared to flow through the Hills. The boats, however, having grounded on a shoal, Captain Leslie landed his men, and was then directed to skirt the River, and if possible to pass by the extreme right of the first range of hills, with a view of attacking the Enemy from their rear, or of intercepting them in their retreat.

The centre Column had not proceeded far'ere the Tocsin of Alarm and Shouts from the hills gave notice that they were occupied, and that the Enemy were in force. The advance, consisting of the Light Infantry Companies of the 26th, 28th, 49th, and 63d Regt. under the Command of Captain Mason, 49th Regt. was directed to gain the Summit, which was effected in the most gallant manner. The Column had not moved to its left, to the attack of a Stockade, while the Light Infantry Companies keeping nearly parallel to it, drove the Enemy from several intrenched positions along the crest of the hills: two rounds from the 12-Pds. caused the but partly finished Stockade to be abandoned; the men who retired from it, immediately occupied strong ground on the heights above. Here, the Left Column, from being compelled to diverge from the River, joined, and a smart fire was continued, till the Grenadiers of H. M. 44th Regt. and Left Grenadiers 49th Regiment B. N. I. began to ascend at different point: the Enemy then fled; on which the centre Column retraced its steps, and defiled through the abandoned Pass, which the Left Column proceeded in furtherance of the orders first given. The ground on the North side of the hills proved to be an extensive plain, intersected by several deep tide Nullahs belted with jungle. In such a Country the flying foe easily escaped, as the Cavalry was unable to pursue. till assisted by the labor of the Pioneers. The forward movement was, however, continued till the three Columns united the Jeejah river; here it was intended to have halted, till the Artillery, under the protection of the Reserve, could be brought up, but a few Companies of the 49th Regt. N. I., under Lieutenant Colonel Smith, having been pushed across to ascertain what was in front, the report was made that the Enemy were approaching in Column, supported by Cavalry. So desired an opportunity was immediately embraced, the low state of the tide and the Sandy bottom of the river enabling the Troops to pass without impediment.—The head of the Columns had, however, no sooner debouched from the jungle, than the Enemy fled and reached, with but little loss, their works that covered the fords of the Mahattee.

The troops had now been under Arms nine hours, and were still anxious to proceed, but a consideration for their physical strength, with an unwillingness to remove still further from the supplies, whose arrival must necessarily be retarded by the nature of the Country passed over, caused me to direct, that positions, where shelter from the sun might be obtained, should be occupied. The few of the Enemy, while they opposed us, was noisy, but ill-directed. A farther consequence of this day's action, beyond the advantage immediately gained, was that the Enemy abondoned their Stockades at Kheong Peela, (alias Chamballa).

The Troops, with the exception of the reserve, which did not arrive till near midnight, having gained their exertions to enable the Artillery to join, bivouack'd by Brigades.

On the 27th, when the fog dispersed, the order of advance was resumed, and Major Carter, H.M. 44th Regiment, with 3 Companies of that Corps, covered by the Light Infantry Company, H. M. 54th Regiment, was directed to carry a small hill in front of the Enemy's works while the remainder of the Force moved forward in columns, at quarter distance, with the Artillery on the Reverse flank.

The Enemy's position was well chosen, being situated on a Peninsula, protected by a broad River, whose fords are only passable at nearly low water, and whose banks are not only steep, but were covered with sharp stakes. Their defences consisted of deep intrenchments along the margin, with epaulements left to protect them from an enfilading fire: in the rear, high conical hills, surmounted by Pagodas, and surrounded by entrenchments, served as numerous citadels, and appeared to be occupied.

On the advance of the party under Major Carter, the Enemy that occupied the hill, retired across the river, when a fire from those parts of their works that commanded it, was immediately opened—4 12-pounders, 2 5½-in. Howitzers, and 2 6-pounders were placed in position, while the first Brigade was moved to the right to attack a column that appeared in that direction,—and which I now judge to have been an intended reinforcement: it did not, however, long remain in sight, or reach Mahattee—The fire of the Artillery soon silenced the Enemies, and checked the effective fire of their Musquetry; and as the fords were then passable, the 2d Brigade took ground to the left, in order to cross to the right of the Enemy's defences. The 1st Brigade and 2 Ressalas of Horse were moved at the same time forward, the Reserve (formed as on the preceeding day, with the addition of 3 Companies 2d Ligth Infantry Battalion and Rifle Company Mug Levy) following.

On the 2d Brigade descending into the River the Enemy abandoned their post, while the Troops on the right (the situation of the Ford having been ascertained) crossed, but from the steepness of the bank on the opposite side, had great difficulty in entering the works. A Ressala of Horse with the Rifle Company Mug Levy were pushed over still further to our right to gain the road, by which the Enemy were retreating, and arrived in time to do some execution among their rear,—and to prevent the destruction of bridges on the road to Arracan.

I have omitted to mention, that, during the commencement of the action (which lasted about 2 hours) I received the pleasing intelligence of the near approach of Brigadier General McBean with the 5th Brigade.

On the 28th, it was necessary to halt to obtain information, and allow of a junction being formed of the Troops still in the rear, and by the Flotilda under Commodore Hayes, who was in progress for that purpose; in the evening this was effected, and the Enemy's position partly reconnoitred.

1 Ressala of Horse.
2 6-Prs.—2 Howitzers
5th Brigade.
6 Comps. H. M. 54 Regt.
2d Light Inf. Batt.
Rifle Comp. Mug Levy.
1 Comp. Regular Pioneers.
1 Do. Mug Do.
16 Scaling Ladders.

On the 29th, the Division moved forward at day light; the advance under Brigadier General McBean consisted as per Margin; a considerable delay was occasioned by fog, and which at first prevented the great strength of the Enemy's position from being discovered. It occupied a range of connected hills, (since ascertained to be from 350 to 440 feet in height) strong by nature, and rendered still more so by art, escarpment, abbatis and masonry having been restored to where those means could be most efficaciously employed. One pass alone leads through them to the Capital, and that was defended by a fire of several pieces of Artillery and about 3000 Musquets: the number of the Enemy ranged along the heights may be estimated at from 8 to 9000 men; the ground in front is an extensive valley entirely clear of jungle, but in depth not altogether out of the range of the Enemy's Artillery.

Where the advance halted, it was partly covered by a tank, and Brigadier General McBeen made a disposition for acquiring the principal hills in the first range at the commencement of the Pass. Four pieces of Artillery were ordered forward to cover the attack, and the Troops for the assault consisting of the Light Infantry Company, H. M. 54th Regt. 4 Companies 2d Light Infantry Battalion, and the Light Infantry Companies of the 10th and 16th Regts. M. N. I. with the Rifle Company Mug Levy, were placed under Major Komm; a support of Six Companies 16th Regt. M. N. I. under Captain French of that Corps followed.—The assault commenced, and in spite of a well-directed fire and of the steepness of the ascent, which was occasionally nearly perpendicular, many gained the summit.—Lt. Clarke, Aide-de-Camp to Brigadier General McBean, with several of the Light Infantry Company of H. M's 54th Regt. got their hands on the trench; but even with the assistance such a hold afforded were unable to maintain their ground; large stones were rolled on them, and smaller ones discharged from bows; the consequence was they were precipitated to the bottom. In this attempt the efforts were persevered in till every Officer was wounded.

I cannot here avoid interrupting the detail to make known to His Excellency, that on no occasion could British gallantry be more conspicuously displayed; the conduct of the Officers was emulated by the men, and European and Native Troops vied with each other to equal the example set.

The Guns, in the ardour of the moment, had been advanced by Captain Lamp, who commanded them, so far, that on the retreat of the troops they became too exposed to be longer served: and the retiring of them at the time was impracticable without the hazard of sacrificing the men, who would have been obliged to effect it by the drag ropes.

While the attack was being carried on at the Pass, the right of the Enemy's position was Cannonaded, but without any apparent effect: the 12-Prs, and Heavy Howitzers were afterwards moved to play upon the works at the Pass; the fire was continued, for an hour, but it appearing to be but a useless waste of ammunition I caused it to be discontinued, and those Guns to be withdrawn: at the same time an encampment was marked out, the tents were pitched, and at one o'Clock the Troops fell back upon them, with the exception of the advance, which was continued during the day in the position they occupied; in the dusk of the Evening, the wounded were brought off, the Guns withdrawn, and the whole retired without further loss, tho' a heavy fire had been continued by intervals during the day.

From observations made, the conviction was established, that the right of the Enemy's defences was the key of his position. Here the natural obstacles were the greatest, the approach being protected by a small lake, the ascent being more abrupt, and the height being more considerable. These seemed to have given a confidence in its security, and though the summit was crowned with a Stockade, and part of the way up thickly abbatis'd, the number of men to guard it was not considerable. This point was therefore selected for the principal future attack; at the same time, the construction of a battery for 4 Mortars, 2 24-prs: 4 12-prs: and 2 5¼ in. Howitzers to play on the works at the Pass, and to draw the Enemy's attention entirely to that point, was ordered; the Senior Engineer Officer, Lieut. Thompson, received directions to that effect, and the day of the 30th was employed in bringing from Mahattee the necessary material. At ½ past 7 that evening ground was broke; by 3 o'Clock the battery finished, and before day-light completely armed, when the guns opened, and continued during the day a heavy cannonade, which had the effect of checking the enemy's fire, though it was not entirely silenced.

Right Column
Major Carter H. M. 14th.
2 Comps. H. M. 14th Regiment.
2 Do. (Grenrs.) 26th Regiment.
30 Troopers (dismounted.)
Left Column.
2 Comps. H. M. 44th Regiment.
1 Do. 26th Regt. (Lt. Inf. Comp.
1 Do. 49th Regt. (do. do.
30 Flotilla Seamen.
Reserve under.
Capt. Shelton H. M. 44th Regiment.
2 Comps. H. M. 44th Regiment.
2 Do. (Grenrs.) 49th Regiment.
40 Pioneers.

Instructions were given to Brigadier Richards to make a night attack with the Force as per Margin, on the right of the Enemy's position; at ½ past eleven the appointed Rocket Signals of success was thrown up, and Lieut. Wroughton, Survg. Dept., in a short time after returned from a height, bringing the grateful intelligence, that though the fire of the enemy had been heavy, the Stockade had been gained without a man on our side being killed, and with only a few slightly wounded. A Copy of the Brigadier's Report of the Affair (No. 2.) is herewith enclosed.

A reinforcement of the remainder of the 1st Brigade, with 2 6-Prs. on Elephants was immediately despatched; arrangements had also been made for storming the works at the Pass, on the Morning of the 1st, should the fire from the Battery have produced such an effect as would almost ensure the certainty of success. Brigr. Richards was also directed to commence at day-light an attack on the defences of the intervening heights.

The difficulty of carrying the Guns up the hill caused a delay, and it was near 7 o'clock before one was mounted, a few rounds from which silenced the fire of a 6-pounder that the Enemy had planted on the next summit, when the Brigadier advanced to the assault. The Enemy did not stand; advantage was taken of the panic of the moment, the Detachment under Brigadier General McBeen, which consisted as per Margin, allotted to the attack of the Pass, was directed to move forward: the Enemy were soon seen abandoning all the heights; from that moment opposition ceased, and Arracan was gained.

A Subalts. Detacht. of Artillery,
60 Troopers (dismounted)
2d. Brigade (except 4 Companys H. M. 54th Regiments who were attached to the 5th Brigade.)
4 Companys 2d L. S. Battalion, 30 Flotilla Seamen Detached of Regular Pioneers with 6 Scaling ladders.

It has been my province to lay before His Excellency a succession of operations, which have accomplished the first object directed by the instructions, emanating from the Governor General in Council; but to the duty of doing justice to the merits of the Force collectively, and to individuals separately who have had the opportunity of putting themselves more conspicuously forward, I own my self incompetent; and must trust to His Excellency's discernment to appreciate how truly a claim to his approbation has been perfected by the Division, more from his knowledge of what they have had to encounter than from any representation I am able to make.

The Political Agent, T. C. Robertson, Esq. not only previous to the Force quitting Chittagong, but to the present period, has been zealously and indefatigably engaged, in rendering every assistance that the Civil Power could command: his arrangements on all occasions have tended to the advantage of the whole and to the accommodation of individuals; and I truly rejoice at this opportunity of publicly acknowledging, that the greatest benefit has been derived from his presence.

Commodore Hayes has, on all occasions, rendered an aid the most effectual, and had it not been for the assistance afforded by the Flotilla under his Command, the arrival of the Force before Arracan would have been almost impracticable. Every exertion was made by him to co-operate, and when insurmountable obstacles prevented the further approach of the Gun Boats to the scene of action, he landed 2 24-prs.

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and with the British Seamen, dragged them and their appurtenances a distance of 5 miles to the encampment before Arracan, rendering them available for any service on which they could be usefully employed.

Brigadier General McBean gave me the benefit of his judgment and experience, and the effectual aid of his directing Superintendance: to offer a further remark on the known zeal of one, who has so firmly established his claim to honorable fame, would, I fear, in me be but an assumption—to His Excellency, the claims of Brigadier General Macbean are fully known.

The assiduity and attention of Brigadier Grant, C. C., Commanding 2d Brigade of Brigadier Richards, Commanding 1st Brigade, of Brigadier Fair, Commanding 5th Brigade, and of Lieutenant Colenel Lindsay, Commanding Artillery Division, demand that I should state to His Excellency, that their example and their directions materially contributed to the success of our operations.

Did the limits of a despatch allow of my mentioning separately the Officers who commanded Corps, I should feel myself most particularly bound to name them; and proud should I be in being the instrument of more especially recording their deserts, than, while bearing testimony to the merits of all, in saying that every Officer, Non-Commissioned Officer, and Private, performed his duty, equally by gallantry in the Field, and by the willing endurance of privations, that the Division might move forward.

I may, however, I hope, be pardoned in representing, that the Deputy Assistant Adjutant General, Lieutenant Scott, rendered me the most effectual assistance; that the 1st Deputy Assistant Qr. Mr. General, Captain Drummond, conducted the duties of his dedartment with judgment, with the greatest personal exertion, and with the most indefatigable perseverance. The 2d Deputy Assistant Qr. Mr. General, Lieutenant Paton, has also established his claim to a particular notice. The Assistant Commissary General, Captain Bannerman, has had no common difficulties to encounter in effectually arranging, for the continued supplies for the Troops. the means of conveyance by land, at his command never exceeded a Week's supply. The Superintending Surgeon, Dr. Grant, has, on every occasion, provided for the comfort and relief of the sick and wounded, and with other medical Officers was ever forward, while the Troops were engaged, to render immediate assistance. To Lieutenant Wroughton, of the Survey Department, I am particularly indebted, not only for the reconnoissances he made when we neared the Enemy, but especially for discovering the paths by which Brigadier Richards with the column under his command, gained the right of the Enemy's position. Lieut. Thompson, the senior Engineer Officer, displayed zeal and practical proficiency in the performance of his duty. To Captain Wikie more especially, and to the other Officers of the Pioneers generally, the advance of the Division may be mainly attributed: a Road of nearly 150 Miles in length has, by the labor of the Pioneers, under their judicious directions, been completed: many morasses rendered passable, and innumerable Nullahs bridged. I much fear that the continued exposure to the Sun will for some time deprive the Division of the benefit of Captain Wilie's services, who persevered in doing his duty, till success crowned our efforts, though suffering from severe indisposion.

If every instances of mental energy triumphing over bodily infirmity were exemplified, they have been displayed by Col. Gardiner, of the 2d Local Horse, who on each occasion, when there was a probability of the Cavalry being engaged, caused himself to be removed from his Palanqueen to be placed on his Horse, tho' so weakened by long sickness, as to be unable for any length of time to prolong the exertion.

This despatch will be delivered by Lieut. Belew, my Military Secretary: he has entitled himself to my confidence, and is enabled to afford His Excellency the best information on many points connected with this Country.

For my Aide-de-Camp, Lieut. Hawkins, I beg to solicit His Excellency's notice, and to strongly recommend him for any mark of approbation; and I can confidently assert, that both from talent and education he promises to prove a credit to the profession.

Enclosed are returns of the casualties that have occured during the several actions with the Enemy since the Division entered Arracan and also of the Ordnance found in position on the East front of the heights covering the capital: the quantity captured is so widely dispersed, that there has not yet been time to allow of its being ascertained.

Several Sirdars have surrendered themselves, and Prisoners are hourly being brought to the Camp. Grounding my opinion on the general assertion of the captives, I may venture to suggest the probability that not 1000 of the Burmese, who were serving under Atown Mungja, will reach Ava, but by the permission of the Governor General.

I have, &c.

(Signed) T. W. MORRISON.
Brig. Gen. Comg. S. Divn.

ENCLOSURE No. 1.
EXTRACT FROM DIVISION ORDERS.

Camp Kaykrangding, 24th March, 1825.

On the breaking up of the present Camp, Protection Detachments are to be formed, consisting at Chankring of

One Company. { H. M. 44th Regiment. / 2d Light Infantry Battalion. / 10th Regiment M. N. I. / 16th Ditto Ditto.

One Company. { Kaykrangding. / One Ressala of 2d local horse / H. M. 54th Regiment. / 26th Regiment B. N. I. / 42d Ditto ditto ditto. / 49th Ditto ditto ditto.

The Senior Officer of the whole to command. Names and dates of Commissions of Officers to be employed on this important duty, to be immediately sent to the Deputy Assistant Adjutant General.

The following are the arrangements for the advance of the Force:

Head-Quarters to be established this Evening on the South bank of the Chebatta River. To March at day-light to-morrow Morning for the same place.

4 Ressalas of the 2d Local Horse.
Artillery Division Head-Quarters, with 4 Twelve Pounders.
2 5½ Inch Howitzers.
2 6-Pounders.
1st Brigade Native Troop.
Left Wing 2d Light Infantry Battalion.
Rifle Company Mug Levy.

To embark at 6 A. M. for the same destination.

5 Companies H. M.'s. 44th Regt. on Board the Gun Boats, that will be appropriated for their conveyance and proceed to the Chabatta River, where it will land and join the 1st Brigade. Horses and Cattle belonging to the Officers to be crossed to the Camp of Kaykringding this Evening, and proceed with the Column of march to-morrow.

On Saturday the 26th Inst. the 5th Brigade to move to Kaykringding under the arrangements communicated yesterday, as for to-morrow, by the Deputy Assist. Qr. Master General; On Sunday the 27th Inst. 4 Companies H. M's. 44th Regiment.

4 Companies 2d Light Infantry Battalion are to cross to Kaykringding under directions that will be issued by Brigade General McBean, who will be pleased to effect a junction of his Column with the advance Column when the arrival of the Commissariat Cattle will permit him to move forward.

The Troops on leaving their present encampment are to be supplied with two days provisions.

(True Extract)
(Signed) W. B. SCOTT.
Dy. A. Adjt. Genl.

Return of Wounded of the South Eastern Division of the Army, under the Command of Brigadier General Morison, C. B. in action with the Enemy on 26th March, 1825.

2d Local Horse.

Wounded—2 Rank and File and 3 Horses—2 Horses missing.

Right Wing H. M. 44th Regt.

Wounded—1 Serjeant, 4 Rank and File, 1 Bheestie, and 1 Bullock-man.

Right Wing H. M. 54th Regt.

Wounded—1 Drummer and 1 Rank and File.

26th Regt. B. N. I.

Wounded—2 Rank and File and 1 Bheestie.

49th Regt. B. N. I.

Wounded—2 Rank and File.

(Signed W. B. SCOTT,
Dy. A. Adjt. Genl.

Return of Killed and Wounded of the South Eastern Division of the Army, under the Command of Brigadier General Morison, C. B. in action with the Enemy ou the 27th of March.

2d Local Horse.

Wounded—2 Horses.

Artillery Division,

Wounded—2 Rank and File.

Right Wing H. M. 44th. Regt.

Wounded—4 Rank and File.

H. M. 54th Regt.

Killed—1 Serjeant.
Wounded—9 Rank and File.

26th Regt. B. N. I.

Wounded—1 Captain, 2 Subadars, I Serjeant or Havildar, and 13 Rank and File.

42d Regt. B. N. I.

Wounded—1 Lieutenant, 1 Serjeant or Havildar, and 10 Rank and File.

49th Regt. B. N. I.

Wounded—6 Rank and File.

Left Wing 62d Regt. B. N. I.

Wounded—3 Rank and File.

Pioneers.

Wounded—1 Serjeant or Havildar, and 6 Rank and File.

Names of Officers Wounded.

Captain Seymour, 26th Regt. B. N. I. slightly.

Lieutenant McKean, 42d B. N. I. severely, not dangerously.

(Signed) W. B. SCOTT,
Dep. A. Adjt. General.

Return of Killed and Wounded of the South Eastern Division of the Army, under the Command of Brigadier General Morrison, C. B. in action with the Enemy between the periods of the 29th March and 1st April 1825.

Camp, Arracan, April 2d, 1825.

General Staff.

Wounded—1.

2d Local Horse.

Wounded—6 Rank and File and 1 Horse.

Artillery Division.

Killed—1 Bombardier.
Wounded—3 Rank & File & 5 Gun Drivers.

H. M. 44th Regiment.

Wounded—4 Rank and File.

H. M. 54th Regimcnt.

Killed—2 Rank and File.
Wounded—1 Captain, 1 Lieutenant, 1 Volunteer, 1 Sergeant or Havildar, aud 12 Rank and File.

26th Regt. B. N. I.

Wounded—2 Rank and File.

2d Light Infantry Battalion.

Killed—2 Havildars and 6 Rank and File.
Wounded—1 Major, 1 Jemadar, 5 Serjeants or Havildars, 1 Drummer, and 35 Rank and File—2 Rank and File since dead.

10th Regt. M. N. I.

Killed—1 Havildar and 6 Rank and File.
Wounded 13 Rank and File.

16th Regiment Madras Native Infantry.

Killed—1 Captain, 1 Havildar, and 9 Rank and File.
Wounded—3 Lieutenants, 1 Sergeant or Havildar, 29 Rank and File, and 1 Bheestie.

Mug Levy Rifle Company.

Wounded—1 Subedar, 1 Havildar, and 6 Rank and File.

Pioneers.

Wounded—1 Captain.

(Signed) W. B. SCOTT,
Depy. A. Adjt. Genl.

Return of Officers Killed and Wounded of the South Eastern Division of the Army under the Command of Brigadier General Morrison, C. B. in action with the Enemy between the periods of the 29th March and 1st April 1825.

Camp Arracan, 2d April, 1825.

KILLED.

16th Regiment Madras Native Infantry—Captain A. French.

WOUNDED.

General Staff—Lieutenant J. Clark, A. D. C. to Brigadier General McBean, severely, not dangerously.

H. M. 54th Regt.—Captain E. A. Evanson, severely, not dangerously—Lieutenant H. W. Harris severely not dangerously—Volunteer Mr. J. Graham, slightly.

2d Light Infantry Battalion—Major W. H. Kenny, slightly.

16th Regt. M. N. I. Lieutenant J. R. Sword, several, not dangerously—Lieutenant F. B. White, slightly—Lieutenant R. S. Gledstanes, slightly.

Pineers—Captain P. B. Fitton, severely, right leg since amputated.

(Signed) W. B. SCOTT,
Dy. A. Adjt. Genl.

Return of Ordnance, Ordnance Stores, &c. taken in the Enemy's fortified position, on the heights of Arracan, on the morning of the 1st April, 1825 *by the Army under the Command of Bregadier General Morrison, C. B.*

	Iron	Brass.	
9 Pounder,	1	0	Burst.
6 Ditto,	2	0	
4 Ditto,	7	2	
3 Ditto,	4	0	
2 Ditto,	5	2	
1½ Ditto,	*2	2	
1½ Ditto,	0	1	
Jinjals,	8		

* *One of these is Brust.*

Loose Shot, of different sizes, 385,
Powder, ...280 lbs.

(Signed) A. LINDSAY, *Lieut. Col.*
Comd. Art. with S. E. Division of the Army.

Camp Rajapatta, Aprit 2, 1825.

By Command of the Right Honorable the Governor General in Council,
GEORGE SWINTON.
Secy. to Govt.

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